

# Product Datasheet

## UACA Antibody (AE-5) [PE/Cy5.5] NBP2-36444PECY55

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark. Do not freeze.

[www.novusbio.com](http://www.novusbio.com)



[technical@novusbio.com](mailto:technical@novusbio.com)

Protocols, Publications, Related Products, Reviews, Research Tools and Images at:  
[www.novusbio.com/NBP2-36444PECY55](http://www.novusbio.com/NBP2-36444PECY55)

Updated 9/10/2023 v.20.1

Earn rewards for product  
reviews and publications.

Submit a publication at [www.novusbio.com/publications](http://www.novusbio.com/publications)

Submit a review at [www.novusbio.com/reviews/destination/NBP2-36444PECY55](http://www.novusbio.com/reviews/destination/NBP2-36444PECY55)



**NBP2-36444PECY55**

UACA Antibody (AE-5) [PE/Cy5.5]

<b>Product Information</b>	
<b>Unit Size</b>	0.1 ml
<b>Concentration</b>	Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4C in the dark. Do not freeze.
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone</b>	AE-5
<b>Preservative</b>	0.05% Sodium Azide
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1 Kappa
<b>Conjugate</b>	PE/Cy5.5
<b>Purity</b>	Protein A or G purified
<b>Buffer</b>	PBS
<b>Product Description</b>	
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Gene ID</b>	55075
<b>Gene Symbol</b>	UACA
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Specificity/Sensitivity</b>	<p>This monoclonal antibody is part of a new panel of reagents, which recognizes subcellular organelles or compartments of human cells. These markers may be useful in identification of these organelles in cells, tissues, and biochemical preparations. It recognizes an antigen associated with the nuclear membrane expressed in human cells. It can be used to stain the nuclear membrane in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nuclear membrane in subcellular fractions. It produces a ring pattern around the nucleus of cells of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nuclear membrane of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. The nuclear envelope (also known as the perinuclear envelope, nuclear membrane, nucleolemma or karyotheca) is the double membrane of the nucleus that encloses genetic material in eukaryotic cells. It separates the contents of the nucleus (DNA in particular) from the cytosol (cytoplasm). Numerous nuclear pores are present on the nuclear envelope to facilitate and regulate the exchange of materials (for example, proteins and RNA) between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. The space between the two membranes that make up the nuclear envelope is called the perinuclear space (also called the perinuclear cisterna), and is usually about 20 - 40 nm wide. Each of the two membranes is composed of a lipid bilayer. The outer membrane is continuous with the rough endoplasmic reticulum. The inner membrane is erected upon the nuclear lamina, a network of intermediate filaments made of lamin, that plays a role in mitosis and meiosis. The type of lamins present are A, B1, B2, and C. The nuclear envelope may also play a role in the disposition of chromatin inside the nucleus. The lamina acts as a site of attachment for chromosomes. It also acts like a shield for the nucleus. During prophase in mitosis, the chromatids begin condensing to form chromosomes, and the nuclear envelope begins to disintegrate. During metaphase, the nuclear envelope is completely disintegrated, and the chromosomes can be pulled apart as chromatids by the spindle fibers.</p>
<b>Immunogen</b>	Nuclei of myeloid leukemia biopsy cells

<b>Product Application Details</b>	
<b>Applications</b>	Flow Cytometry
<b>Recommended Dilutions</b>	Flow Cytometry
<b>Application Notes</b>	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined. For optimal results using our Tandem dyes, please avoid prolonged exposure to light or extreme temperature fluctuations. These can lead to irreversible degradation or decoupling. When staining intracellular targets, specific attention to the fixation and permeabilization steps in your flow protocol may be required. Please contact our technical support team at <a href="mailto:technical@novusbio.com">technical@novusbio.com</a> if you have any questions.





### **Novus Biologicals USA**

10730 E. Briarwood Avenue  
Centennial, CO 80112  
USA

Phone: 303.730.1950  
Toll Free: 1.888.506.6887  
Fax: 303.730.1966  
novus@novusbio.com

### **Bio-Techne Canada**

21 Canmotor Ave  
Toronto, ON M8Z 4E6  
Canada

Phone: 905.827.6400  
Toll Free: 855.668.8722  
Fax: 905.827.6402  
canada.inquires@bio-techne.com

### **Bio-Techne Ltd**

19 Barton Lane  
Abingdon Science Park  
Abingdon, OX14 3NB, United Kingdom

Phone: (44) (0) 1235 529449  
Free Phone: 0800 37 34 15  
Fax: (44) (0) 1235 533420  
info.EMEA@bio-techne.com

### **General Contact Information**

www.novusbio.com  
Technical Support: technical@novusbio.com  
Orders: orders@novusbio.com  
General: novus@novusbio.com

### **Limitations**

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

For more information on our 100% guarantee, please visit [www.novusbio.com/guarantee](http://www.novusbio.com/guarantee)

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a review: [www.novusbio.com/reviews/submit/NBP2-36444PECY55](http://www.novusbio.com/reviews/submit/NBP2-36444PECY55)

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a publication using this product:  
[www.novusbio.com/publications](http://www.novusbio.com/publications)

