Product Datasheet

Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase Antibody (ENO2/1462) [Alexa Fluor® 647] NBP2-59603AF647

Unit Size: 100 ul

Store at 4C in the dark.

www.novusbio.com



technical@novusbio.com

Protocols, Publications, Related Products, Reviews, Research Tools and Images at: www.novusbio.com/NBP2-59603AF647

Updated 10/26/2023 v.20.1

Earn rewards for product reviews and publications.

Submit a publication at www.novusbio.com/publications
Submit a review at www.novusbio.com/reviews/destination/NBP2-59603AF647



NBP2-59603AF647

Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase Antibody (ENO2/1462) [Alexa Fluor® 647]

Product Information	Enolase Zineuron-specific Enolas	Se Antibody (Livez/1402) [Alexa i idol@ 047]	
Concentration Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services. Storage Store at 4C in the dark. Clonality Monoclonal Clone ENO2/1462 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG2b Kappa Conjugate Alexa Fluor 647 Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, bet a and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Product Information		
Storage Store at 4C in the dark. Clonality Monoclonal Clone ENO2/1462 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG2b Kappa Conjugate Alexa Fluor 647 Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen	Unit Size	100 ul	
Clone ENO2/1462 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG2b Kappa Conjugate Alexa Fluor 647 Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-leight human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolytruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen	Concentration	·	
Clone ENO2/1462 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG2b Kappa Conjugate Alexa Fluor 647 Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in envous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Storage	Store at 4C in the dark.	
Preservative Isotype IgG2b Kappa Conjugate Alexa Fluor 647 Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer SomM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Clonality	Monoclonal	
IgG2b Kappa	Clone	ENO2/1462	
Conjugate Alexa Fluor 647 Purity Protein A or G purified 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoplyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide	
Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Isotype	IgG2b Kappa	
Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alphaisoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 647	
Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Purity	Protein A or G purified	
Host Mouse Gene ID 2026 Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Buffer	50mM Sodium Borate	
Gene Symbol ENO2 Species Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Product Description		
Gene Symbol ENO2 Human, Mouse, Rat Marker Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Host	Mouse	
Specificity/Sensitivity Human, Mouse, Rat Neuroendocrine Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase (around aa416-	Gene ID	2026	
Marker Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen Neuroendocrine Marker The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolase is found only in nervous tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominant. Phoesical path is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolase are identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolase is found only in nervous tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominant. Phoesical path is identified as gamma-enolase. The subort is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified as gamma-enolase. The subort is identified as gamma-enolase. The use of the proteins is identified as gamma-enolase. The use of the proteins is identified as gamma-enolase. The use of the proteins is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma is of the proteins. The specific type of the proteins is identified as gamma-enolase is found gamma. Alpha-isoform is ex	Gene Symbol	ENO2	
Specificity/Sensitivity The specificity of this monoclonal antibody to its intended target was validated by HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen Immunogen	Species	Human, Mouse, Rat	
HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha- isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament. Immunogen Humunogen	Marker	Neuroendocrine Marker	
		HuProtTM Array, containing more than 19,000, full-length human proteins. Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. Three isoenzymes of enolases are identified, alpha, beta and gamma. Alpha-isoform is expressed in most tissues, whereas beta-form is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue whereas gamma-enolase is found only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It it be usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament.	
	Immunogen		



	Page 2 of 3 v.20.1 Updated 10/26/2023
Notes	Alexa Fluor (R) products are provided under an intellectual property license from Life Technologies Corporation. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components, or any materials made using the product or its components, in any activity to generate revenue, which may include, but is not limited to use of the product or its components: (i) in manufacturing; (ii) to provide a service, information, or data in return for payment; (iii) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; or (iv) for resale, regardless of whether they are resold for use in research. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than as described above, contact Life Technologies Corporation, 5791 Van Allen Way, Carlsbad, CA 92008 USA or outlicensing@lifetech.com. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet.

Product Application Details	
Applications	Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Protein Array, CyTOF-ready
Recommended Dilutions	Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Protein Array, CyTOF-ready
Application Notes	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.





Novus Biologicals USA

10730 E. Briarwood Avenue Centennial, CO 80112

USA

Phone: 303.730.1950 Toll Free: 1.888.506.6887

Fax: 303.730.1966

nb-customerservice@bio-techne.com

Bio-Techne Canada

21 Canmotor Ave Toronto, ON M8Z 4E6

Canada

Phone: 905.827.6400 Toll Free: 855.668.8722 Fax: 905.827.6402

canada.inquires@bio-techne.com

Bio-Techne Ltd

19 Barton Lane Abingdon Science Park Abingdon, OX14 3NB, United Kingdom Phone: (44) (0) 1235 529449

Free Phone: 0800 37 34 15 Fax: (44) (0) 1235 533420 info.EMEA@bio-techne.com

General Contact Information

www.novusbio.com

Technical Support: nb-technical@bio-

techne.com

Orders: nb-customerservice@bio-techne.com

General: novus@novusbio.com

Products Related to NBP2-59603AF647

NBP1-43317AF647 Mouse IgG2b Kappa Light Chain Isotype Control (MG2b) [Alexa Fluor®

647]

NBP2-61382-1mg Recombinant Human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase Protein

7954-GM-010/CF GM-CSF [Unconjugated]

DENL20 Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase [HRP]

Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

For more information on our 100% guarantee, please visit www.novusbio.com/guarantee

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a review: www.novusbio.com/reviews/submit/NBP2-59603AF647

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a publication using this product: www.novusbio.com/publications

