Product Datasheet

CD81 Antibody (1.3.3.22) [DyLight 650] NBP2-54548C

Unit Size: 100 ul

Store at 4C in the dark.

www.novusbio.com



technical@novusbio.com

Protocols, Publications, Related Products, Reviews, Research Tools and Images at: www.novusbio.com/NBP2-54548C

Updated 10/26/2023 v.20.1

Earn rewards for product reviews and publications.

Submit a publication at www.novusbio.com/publications
Submit a review at www.novusbio.com/reviews/destination/NBP2-54548C



NBP2-54548C

CD81 Antibody (1.3.3.22) [DyLight 650]

CD81 Antibody (1.3.3.22) [DyL	ight 650]
Product Information	
Unit Size	100 ul
Concentration	Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.
Storage	Store at 4C in the dark.
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	1.3.3.22
Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide
Isotype	IgG1 Kappa
Conjugate	DyLight 650
Purity	Protein A or G purified
Buffer	50mM Sodium Borate
Product Description	
Description	This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet.
Host	Mouse
Gene ID	975
Gene Symbol	CD81
Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Specificity/Sensitivity	Recognizes a protein of 26kDa, identified as CD81 (Workshop VI; Code CD81.1)). CD81 has a very broad cellular distribution, being expressed on T-and B-lymphocytes, NK cells, thymocytes, eosinophils, fibroblasts, epithelial and endothelial cells. Neutrophils, erythrocytes and platelets are negative, while monocytes are variably positive. CD81 is a member of a family of tetraspans transmembrane proteins, including CD9, CD37, CD53, CD63, and CD82. It associates with CD19, CD21, Leu 13, and integrins on cell membrane and is involved in signal transduction in B lymphocyte development and cell adhesion. CD81 also acts as a receptor for the envelope protein E2 of chronic hepatitis C virus. Antibodies to CD81 have anti-proliferative effects on different lymphoid cell lines, particularly those derived from large cell lymphomas.
Immunogen	Recombinant full-length human CD81 protein (Uniprot: P60033)
Notes	DyLight (R) is a trademark of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. and its subsidiaries.
Product Application Details	
Applications	Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Flow (Cell Surface), Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, CyTOF-ready, Knockout Validated, Single Cell Western
Recommended Dilutions	Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Flow (Cell Surface), CyTOF-ready, Knockout Validated, Single Cell Western
Application Notes	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.





Novus Biologicals USA

10730 E. Briarwood Avenue Centennial, CO 80112 USA

Phone: 303.730.1950 Toll Free: 1.888.506.6887

Fax: 303.730.1966 novus@novusbio.com

Bio-Techne Ltd

19 Barton Lane Abingdon Science Park Abingdon, OX14 3NB, United Kingdom

Phone: (44) (0) 1235 529449 Free Phone: 0800 37 34 15 Fax: (44) (0) 1235 533420 info.EMEA@bio-techne.com

Bio-Techne Canada

21 Canmotor Ave Toronto, ON M8Z 4E6 Canada

Phone: 905.827.6400

Toll Free: 855.668.8722

Fax: 905.827.6402

canada.inquires@bio-techne.com

General Contact Information

www.novusbio.com

Technical Support: technical@novusbio.com

Orders: orders@novusbio.com General: novus@novusbio.com

Products Related to NBP2-54548C

NBP1-43319C Mouse IgG1 Kappa Isotype Control (P3.6.2.8.1) [DyLight 650]

NBP2-60215-50ug Recombinant Human CD81 hlgG-His Protein

7268-CT-100 CTLA-4 [Unconjugated] 9144-CD-050 CD81 [Unconjugated]

Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

For more information on our 100% guarantee, please visit www.novusbio.com/guarantee

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a review: www.novusbio.com/reviews/submit/NBP2-54548C

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a publication using this product: www.novusbio.com/publications

