# **Product Datasheet**

# Human TLR4/MD-2/CD14 SEAP - (SEAPorter™) Stable Reporter Cell Line NBP2-26503

Unit Size: 1 Vial

Store in gas phase of liquid nitrogen.

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# NBP2-26503

Human TLR4/MD-2/CD14 SEAP - (SEAPorter™) Stable Reporter Cell Line

Human TLR4/MD-2/CD14 SEAP	- (SEAPorter™) Stable Reporter Cell Line
Product Information	
Unit Size	1 Vial
Concentration	Concentration is not relevant for this product. Please see the protocols for proper use of this product.
Storage	Store in gas phase of liquid nitrogen.
Reconstitution Instructions	Complete Growth Medium: DMEM with 4.5 g/L glucose + 10% FBS + 4 mM L-glutamine + 1 mM sodium pyruvate + 100 units/ml penicillin + 0.1 mg/ml streptomycin + 10 ug/ml blasticidin + 2 ug/ml puromycin + 0.2 mg/ml zeocin + 0.5 mg/ml G418 (Geneticin).
Product Description	
Description	The TLR4/MD-2/CD14 reporter line can be used for TLR4-dependent functional assays as well as screening of TLR4 agonists or antagonists. The TLR4/MD-2/CD14 reporter cell line has been validated by a ligand dose response assay (Figure 1).  Contents: 3~4 x 10^6 cells Biosafety Level: 2
Host	HEK293
Target Species	Human
Growth Properties	Adherent Morphology: Epithelial
Selection Agent	Blasticidin, puromycin, zeocin and G418
Specificity/Sensitivity	TLR4/MD-2/CD14/NF-kB/SEAP
Immunogen	The TLR4/MD-2/CD14 reporter cell line is a stably co-transfected cell line which expresses full-length human Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4), human MD-2, human CD14 and secreted alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) reporter genes under the transcriptional control of an NF-kB response element.
Notes	Assume all cultures are hazardous since they may harbor latent viruses or other organisms that are uncharacterized. The following safety precautions should be observed.  - Use pipette aids to prevent ingestion and keep aerosols down to a minimum.  - No eating, drinking or smoking while handling the TLR4/MD-2/CD14 line.  - Wash hands after handling the TLR4/MD-2/CD14 line and before leaving the lab.  - Decontaminate work surface with disinfectant or 70% ethanol before and after working with the TLR4/MD-2/CD14 reporter line.  - All waste should be considered hazardous.  - Dispose of all liquid waste after each experiment and treat with bleach
Lysate Type	Cell
Product Application Details	
Applications	Functional, In vitro assay, Ligand Activation
Recommended Dilutions	Functional, In vitro assay, Ligand Activation
Application Notes	Use in function and in-vitro reported in scientific literature (PMID 25640528)



#### **Publications**

Yamaguchi M, Hirose Y, Takemura M, et al Streptococcus pneumoniae Evades Host Cell Phagocytosis and Limits Host Mortality Through Its Cell Wall Anchoring Protein PfbA. Front Cell Infect Microbiol. 2019-08-20 [PMID: 31482074] (Bacteria)

#### Details:

Mice were infected with S. pneumoniae.

Ryan DA, Degardin M, Alam S et al. Rational Design of Peptide Derivatives for Inhibition of MyD88-Mediated TLR Signaling in Human PBMCs and Epithelial Cells Exposed to F. tularensis. Chem Biol Drug Des. 2017-06-09 [PMID: 28599094] (Biacore Binding Assay, Human)

McKim JM, Wilga PC, Pregenzer JF, Blakemore WR. The common food additive carrageenan is not a ligand for toll-like- receptor 4 (TLR4) in an HEK293-TLR4 reporter cell-line model Food Chem. Toxicol. 2015-01-29 [PMID: 25640528] (Func, In vitro)

#### Details:

Human TLR4/MD-2/CD14 SEAP - (SEAPorterTM) Stable Reporter Cell Line [HEK293 cells stably transfected with a TLR4/MD-2/CD14/NF-kB/SEAP reporter construct - expresses full-length human TLR4, MD-2, CD14, and secreted alkaline phosphatase/SEAP under the control of an NFkB response element] used for evaluating the ability of different types of Carrageenan/CGN to bind and activate TLR4 signaling. SEAP was measured as an indicator of TLR4 activation with SEAPorterTM assay kit and CGN was found to not to activate the TLR4.

Greene CM, Carroll TP, Smith SG et al. TLR-induced inflammation in cystic fibrosis and non-cystic fibrosis airway epithelial cells. J Immunol. 2005-02-01 [PMID: 15661927] (Func)

#### Details:

Functional Assays: 1.TLR2/NF-kB/SEAP Stably Transfected HEK 293 Cells (IML-102). 2. TLR4/MD-2/NF-kB/SEAP Stably Transfected HEK 293 Cells (IML-104MD2). 3. TLR4/NF-kB/SEAP Stably Transfected HEK 293 Cells (IML-104).4.TLR7/NF-kB/SEAP Stably Transfected HEK 293 Cells (IML-107). 5. LPS from E. Coli, TLR4 Ligand (IMG-2204). 6. SEAPorter Assay Kit (10055K).

Chan M, Hayashi T, Mathewson RD et al. Identification of substituted pyrimido[5,4-b]indoles as selective Toll-like receptor 4 ligands. J Med Chem. 2013-06-13 [PMID: 23656327]

Feng D, Sangster-Guity N, Stone R et al. Differential requirement of histone acetylase and deacetylase activities for IRF5-mediated proinflammatory cytokine expression. J Immunol. 2010-11-15 [PMID: 20935208]



#### **Procedures**

#### **Product Handling Protocol (NBP2-26503)**

Note: To ensure the highest cell viability, it is strongly recommended that one should thaw the vial and initiate the cell culture as soon as possible upon receipt. If continued storage of the frozen vial upon receipt is necessary, it should be immediately stored in liquid nitrogen but not at -80C. Storage at -80C will lead to significant loss of cell viability. Please read the entire data sheet before thawing. It is recommended that users follow good tissue culture practice. The TLR4/MD-2/CD14 cell line is sterile and all work should be performed under sterile conditions.

- 1. Prepare a sterile 15-ml tube with 9 ml fresh medium without selection agents pre-warmed at 37C.
- 2. Thaw the TLR4 reporter cell line vial quickly in a 37C water bath, keeping the cap portion out of the water to avoid any possible contamination.
- 3. Upon thawing, take the vial out of the water and clean it with 70% ethanol to decontaminate.
- 4. Transfer contents to the 15-ml tube (Step 1) and mix with medium by gentle inversion of tube.
- 5. Centrifuge at 1,000 RPM for 5 minutes.
- 6. Remove supernatant and resuspend pellet in 10 ml of fresh medium without selection agents. Note: It is important to grow the reporter cells at this stage without any selection agents.
- 7. Transfer the TLR4/MD-2/CD14 cell line into a 25-cm2 tissue culture flask and incubate at 37C in a 95% air-5% CO2 mixture.
- 8. After cells settle down (in 1-3 days), remove the medium and replace with fresh complete growth medium containing selection agents.
- 9. At 70-80% confluency, detach the cells by trypsinization and split into new flasks with fresh complete growth medium.
- 10. Freeze the TLR4/MD-2/CD14 cell line at 3~4 x 10^6 cells/ml per cryogenic vial. For optimal viability after freezing, freeze cells when they have reached log phase growth (95-98% confluency). Detach by trypsinization at 37C for 5 min, and harvest by mixing with 3 volumes of fresh medium followed by centrifugation (Step 5). Resuspend the pellet in freeze media (FBS with 10% DMSO). Add suspension to cryogenic vials in 1 ml aliquots. Place cryogenic vials, in a tissue culture approved cryogenic vial container, in -80C freezer for 24-48 hours. After 24-48 hours, move the vials into liquid nitrogen storage.

#### MSDS (NBP2-26503)

#### **IDENTIFICATION**

Product Name HEK 293 cells (human embryonic kidney), HeLa cells (human epithelial carcinoma) or RAW cells (mouse

macrophage) stably transfected; Dimethyl sulfoxide

Synonyms Methyl sulfoxide; DMSO; Sulfinylbis (methane)

#### COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS# none

Name Cells, human origin

CAS# 67-68-5

Chemical Name Dimethyl Sulfoxide

Percent 10

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Appearance: clear liquid. May be absorbed through intact skin. Hygroscopic (absorbs moisture from the air). May cause liver and kidney damage. CAUTION! Causes eye and skin irritation. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Target Organs: Kidneys, liver, eyes, skin, mucous membranes.

#### Potential Health Effects

Eye: Produces irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury. May cause chemical conjunctivitis.

Skin: May cause irritation with burning pain, itching and redness. Substance is rapidly absorbed through the skin. Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause garlic smell on the breath and body.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Can produce delayed pulmonary edema.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. May cause liver and kidney damage. Effects may be delayed.



#### FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Get medical aid. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Product Name HEK 293 cells (human embryonic kidney), HeLa cells (human epithelial carcinoma) or RAW cells (mouse

macrophage) stably transfected; Dimethyl sulfoxide

Synonyms Methyl sulfoxide; DMSO; Sulfinylbis (methane)

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed contain- ers cool. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Containers may explode when heated.

Extinguishing Media: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or appropriate foam.

Flash Point: 95 deg C (203.00 deg F)

Autoignition Temperature: 215 deg C (419.00 deg F)

Explosion Limits, Lower: 2.6 vol %

Upper: 42 vol %

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 1; Flammability: 1; Instability: 0

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Do not flush into a sewer. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Provide ventilation.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash clothing before reuse.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in a tightly closed container. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

#### EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

**Exposure Limits** 

Chemical Name Dimethyl Sulfoxide

**ACGIH None listed** 

NIOSH None listed

OSHA - Final PELs None listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Dimethyl sulfoxide: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment Eyes: Wear chemical goggles.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

in Standard Liv 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirators use.



#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: clear

Odor: slight odor - sulfurous odor - garlic-like odor

pH: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 0.4 mm Hg at 20 Vapor Density: 2.7 (air=1) Evaporation Rate: Not available. Viscosity: 1.1cp @ 27

deg C Boiling Point: 189 deg C Freezing/Melting Point: 18.4 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: > 200 deg C

Solubility: Soluble.

Specific Gravity/Density: 1.1010q/cm3 Molecular Formula: C2H6OS Molecular Weight: 78.13

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, carbon dioxide. Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION RTECS#

CAS# 67-68-5: PV6210000

#### LD50/LC50

CAS# 67-68-5:

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg;

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24H Mild; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H Mild; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 7920

mg/kg;

Oral, rat: LD50 = 14500 mg/kg; Skin, rat: LD50 = 40 gm/kg; <BR.

#### Carcinogenicity

CAS# 67-68-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA.

Epidemiology: No information available. Teratogenicity: No information available. Reproductive Effects: No

information available. Neurotoxicity: No information available.

Mutagenicity: No information available.

Other Studies: See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity: No data available. No information available.

Environmental: Terrestrial: Expected to be mobile in soil, due to its high water solubility. Some volatilization from dry soil and surfaces may be expected. Aquatic: Dimethyl sulfoxide disproportionates in water to dimethyl sulfide and dimethyl sulfone, a reaction catalyzed by light. Atmospheric: Exists primarily in the vapor phase and be removed by both wet and dry deposition. It will react with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals with a half-life of about 7 hr. DMSO is very difficult to biodegrade. Physical: No information available.

Other: For more information, see "HANDBOOK OF ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND EXPOSURE DATA."

#### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed RCRA U-Series: None listed

# SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Store at 2-8 degrees C in well-sealed container. Store away from strong oxidizing agents. This product is intended for research use only.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.



#### WARRANTY

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. NOVUS, shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale. Copyright 2008 NOVUS License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only.



# **Novus Biologicals USA**

10730 E. Briarwood Avenue Centennial, CO 80112 USA

Phone: 303.730.1950 Toll Free: 1.888.506.6887

Fax: 303.730.1966

nb-customerservice@bio-techne.com

### **Bio-Techne Canada**

21 Canmotor Ave Toronto, ON M8Z 4E6 Canada

Phone: 905.827.6400 Toll Free: 855.668.8722 Fax: 905.827.6402

canada.inquires@bio-techne.com

# **Bio-Techne Ltd**

19 Barton Lane Abingdon Science Park Abingdon, OX14 3NB, United Kingdom

Phone: (44) (0) 1235 529449 Free Phone: 0800 37 34 15 Fax: (44) (0) 1235 533420 info.EMEA@bio-techne.com

# **General Contact Information**

www.novusbio.com

Technical Support: nb-technical@bio-

techne.com

Orders: nb-customerservice@bio-techne.com

General: novus@novusbio.com

#### Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Reporter Cell Lines are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

For more information on our 100% guarantee, please visit www.novusbio.com/guarantee

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a review: www.novusbio.com/reviews/submit/NBP2-26503

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